## **F-POWER BASICS**®

## **School-to-Career**

**Nancy Lobb** 



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# UNIT 3

## **Doing Your Best Work**



#### **LESSON 10: Starting a New Job**



GOAL: To know how to start a new job right

#### **WORDS TO KNOW**

advancement coworkers entry-level job appropriate employee handbook unwritten rules

cooperate

#### Starting Off Right

The first day on a new job is always a challenge. It won't take long before you feel comfortable, but it is important to start off right. Knowing what to do can help you get along better with your boss and your coworkers (the people you work with).

A good way to start off right is to get to work on time. Of course, that's important every day, but on the first day it's doubly important.

Before your first day on the job, see how long it will take you to get to work. If you will be driving to work, take a test drive at the same time of day as you will report for work. If you will take the bus or subway, take a ride to your new workplace to see how long it takes.

#### IN REAL LIFE



Kim's career goal was to become a paralegal. Part of her career plan was to get a part-time job working in a law firm. She found a job as an office assistant in a law firm near her home. The pay was good for an entry-level job (a beginning job). When she finished her community college program, there was a chance for advancement, or promotion, to a full-time paralegal position. Kim was thrilled when she found out she'd been hired. She decided to start off right and work hard at her new job so she would meet her career goals.

Allow yourself plenty of time to get ready the morning of your first day. Plan to arrive at your job about five to ten minutes before you are expected.

You will have a lot of new people to meet on your first day. One of the most important of these people is your new boss. Smile and shake hands when you are introduced. It is a good idea to ask your boss what he or she would like to be called. You can say, "Should I call you Mrs. Barnes?" It is not a good idea to call your boss by his or her first name unless you have been told to do so.

You may have to introduce yourself to your new coworkers. When you do this, be pleasant and smile. Try hard to learn their names as soon as you can. Be friendly to all your coworkers. But don't try to be "best friends" too fast. It's better to get to know everyone a little better before you make friends. (We will talk about this more in Lesson 20.)

Your coworkers will probably offer to show you the ropes. Be sure to take advantage of this. Cooperate—work as part of the team. Ask questions about things you don't understand, and listen carefully to what you are told. You may want to take notes. No one expects you to know what to do the first day. But employers do expect you to show a desire to learn.

No matter what jobs you are given, do your best. Show that you want to do the job right. Since you are new, you are likely to be given some simple tasks at first. Don't complain. Do these jobs to the best of your ability. If you do well, you'll be given other things to do later on.



It is hard work starting a new job. Be sure to take care of yourself so you'll feel your best. Get plenty of rest and eat good meals. Things are sure to go better if you do.

You will probably be given an **employee handbook** on your first day of work. This is a set of written rules for what is expected of all employees. (We'll talk about this more in Lesson 12.)

There are also **unwritten rules** in your workplace. These are the rules that "everybody knows," but that no one has thought about writing in the

handbook. You will learn these rules by watching your coworkers and paying attention to what is going on around you. You will soon learn what type of clothing is **appropriate**, or suitable, by observing what the other workers are wearing. The men may be wearing suits and ties or just khaki pants and polo shirts. The women may be wearing nice dresses or just a blouse and pants. Maybe most of them are wearing uniforms.

You can also learn a lot about the tone of the workplace by observation. It may be very quiet, very noisy, or somewhere in between. Whatever the tone is, you will need to fit in.

By looking around you, you can see if all the workstations are perfectly orderly or if a few piles of paper on the desk are all right. You may even see that most of the desks are pretty messy.

Another thing you can pick up by observation is the general atmosphere of the workplace. In the lunchroom or break room the workers may keep to themselves. It may be very quiet and serious. There may be a friendly chatter or there may be a lot of joking around.

You may not find written rules about these things. But if you are observant your first days on the job, you will see how best to fit in with the other workers.



Give your new job (and yourself) a fair chance. Don't take the easy way out and quit if the going gets rough. There is always an adjustment period in any new job.

#### PRACTICE 17: Starting Out Right

Answer the following on a separate sheet of paper.

- **1.** Why do you think you should not call your boss by his or her first name unless you are told to do so?
- **2.** Why do you think it's a good idea to learn your coworkers' names as quickly as possible?
- **3.** Why is it so important to be on time the first day?

- **4.** Circle the letter of each statement that is an example of how you should act on your first day of work:
  - **a.** If coworkers offer to show you how to do a task, tell them "no!" After all, you don't want to look dumb.
  - **b.** If you aren't sure if you can leave on your lunch hour, leave by the back door. Maybe no one will notice.
  - **c.** Call your boss and coworkers by their first names.
  - **d.** Don't worry about learning anyone's name. It's not important.
  - **e.** Ask questions about any instructions that are not clear to you.
  - **f.** If you don't understand how to do something, don't worry about it. Just go ahead and do what you want.
  - **g.** Eat snacks and soft drinks at your desk if you feel like it; that is your right.
  - **h.** Invite your boss and coworkers to your place after work to celebrate your first day on the job.
  - i. Take a break whenever you get tired. There is no limit on rest breaks.
  - **j.** If your boss has a messy desk, don't worry about picking up after yourself or keeping your things neat.
  - **k.** Don't complain about the jobs you are given even if some of them seem boring.
  - 1. Show that you are willing to learn how to do new things.

### **LESSON 11: Looking Right for the Job**



GOAL: To know how to look right for a job

#### **WORDS TO KNOW**

clothing fads	employees	uniform
deodorant	employers	well-groomed
dress code	scent	

#### Dressing for a Job

Being well-groomed (neat and clean) and dressing appropriately for the job are two easy but important ways to keep your job. Many employers (bosses) feel that the appearance of their employees (workers) is a reflection on the company. Workers who are neat and attractive make the company look good. Workers who are sloppy give the impression that they will do sloppy work as well.

#### **Looking and Smelling Clean**

The most important part of good grooming is being clean. There is no substitute for that daily bath or shower followed by clean underwear and socks. Keep your hair washed and trimmed neatly. Your hands should be clean, and your nails trimmed to a reasonable length. Brushing your teeth regularly will give you clean teeth and fresh breath.

Smelling good is important. Using a deodorant after your shower will control body odor. A **deodorant** is a product that is used to eliminate odors. If you have a special **scent** (a perfume or an aftershave lotion) you like to wear, use only a little or none to avoid bothering your coworkers.

#### Dressing for the Job

It is important to most employers that their employees dress right for work. Dressing right for work shows that you think your job is important.

#### **IN REAL LIFE**



Juan and Joel were enrolled in business courses in a community college. Their career goal was to become department managers in a large building supply store in town. As part of their career plans, the two got part-time jobs as clerks at the building supply store. The store manager gave each boy two T-shirts with a store logo on the front. The boys were instructed to wear the shirts every day to work with clean jeans.

Juan washed his shirts after he had worn them to work once. He discovered that they didn't need ironing if he shook them out and hung them up after drying them.

Joel tossed his shirts on the floor after wearing them. He didn't worry about washing them. He didn't think the customers would notice if they were a bit dirty. He always wore plenty of body spray to cover up any unpleasant scent.

The building supply store let Joel go after a few customers complained. Joel couldn't believe his appearance had really cost him his job. Now he would have to rethink his career plan as well.

Some workers are asked to wear uniforms to work. A **uniform** is a special kind of clothing that identifies workers as part of a group. If you wear a uniform, you don't have to choose what to wear every morning, but you do need to keep your uniforms clean and pressed.

Most people don't wear uniforms to work. They have to choose what to wear to work every day. Different types of clothing are right for different jobs. Your company may have a dress code. A dress code is a list of written rules that state what clothing is to be worn for work.

If your company does not have a dress code, it is up to you to find out what is appropriate. Dress as your coworkers do, neither more casually nor

more dressy. Avoid wearing clothing fads to work. A fad is trendy clothing that will be in style only a short time. Avoid clothing with symbols or sayings on it. Instead, buy classic clothing of good fabric that will wash well and last a long time.

Choose clothing that fits well and is neither too tight nor too loose. Your clothing should be comfortable for you to work in.

Some clothing requires ironing before it can be worn to work. However, many items of clothing are wash and wear. Clothes that are made with a polyester and cotton blend often do not need ironing if you remove them promptly from the dryer. If left in the dryer, the clothes will be wrinkled. Ask a clerk in the clothing store to help you choose items that will be easy to wash and need no ironing.

Wear shoes that are comfortable all day long. If your job keeps you on your feet all day, make sure your shoes will feel good all day, too. Keep your shoes clean and polished.

If you wear jewelry, make sure it is simple. Don't wear a lot of chains, earrings, or bracelets.



Look at yourself in the mirror before you leave for work to make sure you look right for your job. Then answer the following questions about your appearance:

- Is your hair neat and trimmed? Is your body clean? Is your face shaved or facial hair trimmed? Is your makeup applied in good taste?
- Is your clothing appropriate? Is it clean, unwrinkled, and appealing?
- Are your shoes clean and polished? Are they comfortable to wear all day?
- Is your jewelry simple and not overdone?
- Overall, are you well-groomed?

#### **■ PRACTICE 18: Grooming and Dressing for Success**

Answer the following questions on a separate sheet of paper.

- **1.** Why do you think a drugstore would lose customers if its pharmacy technicians were poorly groomed?
- **2.** Why do you think a clothing salesperson will make fewer sales if he or she is poorly groomed?
- **3.** Why do you think a receptionist who dresses in clothes that do not fit well or are wrinkled does not make the company look good?
- **4.** Why do you think wearing strong perfume or aftershave is not a good idea at work?
- **5.** Why do you think it would matter to a boss whether his or her employees are neat and clean?
- **6.** How do you think having neat and clean workers could affect the overall sales of a company?
- **7.** How do you react if a grocery store cashier who is helping you has dirty hands or clothing?
- **8.** How do you think you can be sure to wear the right clothes to work?
- **9.** Why do you think it is important to dress correctly for work?
- **10.** Why do you think it might be a good idea to lay out your clothing for work the night before?
- **11.** Why do you think your boss has the right to tell you what you can or cannot wear?
- **12.** How could you know if an item of clothing you are thinking about buying for work would be easy to wash and need no ironing?



# School-to-Career

Teacher's Guide



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## **Unit 3: Doing Your Best Work**

This unit discusses how to do your best work once you have been hired for a job. In Lesson 10, students learn ways to start a new job on the right foot. Lesson 11 addresses the importance of good grooming and appropriate dress on the job. In Lesson 12, students learn how to obtain information they need on the job, including using the employee handbook and learning new skills. In Lesson 13, students review the attitudes and work habits that will help them keep their jobs.

#### Lesson 10—Starting a New Job

Goal: To know how to start a new job right

#### **WORDS TO KNOW**

**advancement** a promotion to a better job

**appropriate** suitable for a particular place or occasion

**cooperate** to work with others to achieve a common goal

**coworkers** the people with whom you work

**employee handbook** a book that states company rules and benefits

**entry-level job** a job for a person with little or no experience

**unwritten rules** rules that have not been formally written down but that are commonly held to

#### **Lesson 11—Looking Right for the Job**

Goal: To know how to look right for a job

#### **WORDS TO KNOW**

**clothing fads** trendy clothing that will only be in style a short time

**deodorant** a product used to cover up body odors

**dress code** written rules that state what clothing is to be worn to work

employees workers
employers bosses

**scent** a perfume or other pleasant smell

**uniform** a type of clothing that identifies a group of workers

well-groomed appearing neat and clean

#### **Lesson 12—Learning Your Job**

Goal: To know how to learn more about your job

#### **WORDS TO KNOW**

**fired** dismissed from a job for cause

**on-the-job training** being trained for your job while you work

**reprimand** a formal complaint against a worker

scan to look something over quickly but systematically

#### **Lesson 13—Using Good Work Habits**

Goal: To know the work habits valued by employers

#### **WORDS TO KNOW**

attitude a state of mind or point of view

**communicate** to exchange ideas or information

**correction** the pointing out of a mistake

**deadline** a set time by which something must be done

**goal** the purpose toward which one is working

**gossip** talking about others and their personal business

**interruptions** breaking in or stopping of something

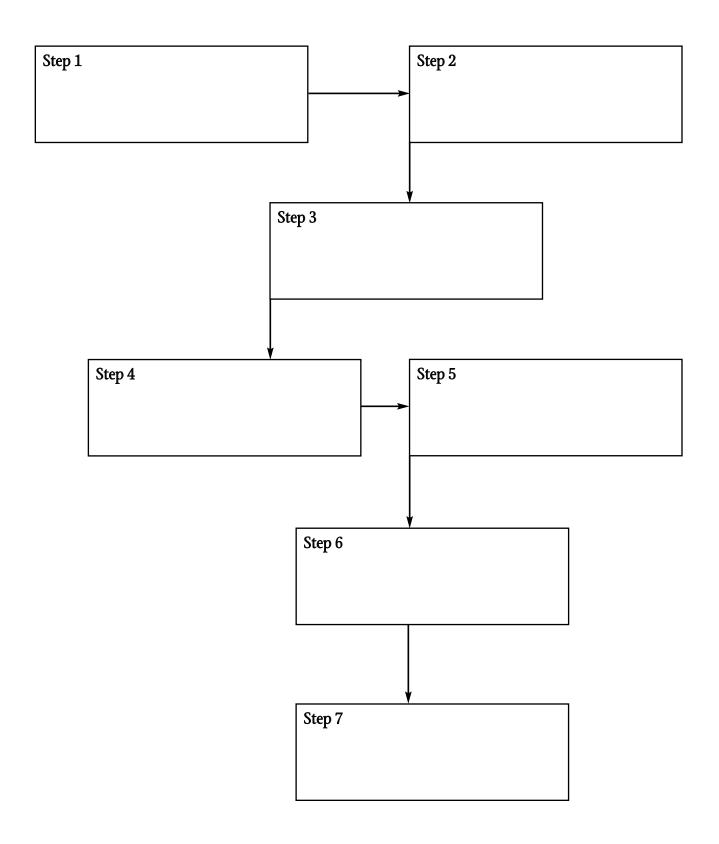
orderly neat, well-arranged

responsible reliable; dependable

**schedule** a list or timetable

#### **Sequencing Chart**

Write the first step or event in the first box. Write the other steps or events in order in the other boxes. Add or delete lines and boxes as needed.





# School-to-Career

Workbook



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#### UNIT 3 • ACTIVITY 30

## School and Career Similarities and Differences

Answer each question briefly on the lines provided.

1.	Name two ways a career and school are alike.
2.	Name two ways a career and school are different.
3.	Why is it your responsibility to learn to do your job well?
4.	Why is it your responsibility to learn to get along with your boss and coworkers on a job, even if some of them are not very likable?
5.	What do you think are the most important things you can do to succeed on a new job?
6.	What do you think will happen if a new worker does not do his or her job or fit in with the other workers? Why?

# UNIT 3 • ACTIVITY 31 Comparing a Job to School

Write what you think might happen in each situation below.

1.	You put off your schoolwork until the last minute.
2.	You put off a job your boss asks you to do until the last minute.
3.	You make mistakes on a school assignment.
4.	You make mistakes with a job your boss assigns you.
5.	You are late to school.
6.	You are late to work.
7.	You and your teacher do not get along well.
8.	You and your boss do not get along well.
9.	You do your best on your schoolwork.
10.	You do your best on any assignment you are given at work.





#### UNIT 3 • ACTIVITY 32

#### Dress Right for the Job

Write *yes* on the line in front of each statement that describes an appropriate way to dress for work. Write *no* on the line in front of each statement that describes a poor way to dress for work. If you answer *no*, tell what the person should have done.

1	Latoya's clothes were clean and pressed, but her shoes were dirty and scuffed.
2	Sharon noticed that all the other nurse's aides wore uniforms to work. She wanted to stand out, so she wore dressy clothes.
3.	Martin was hired to work in a men's fine clothing store. He wanted to look "cool" so he wore old jeans and a baggy shirt.
4	Jill's blouse was dirty, but she did not have time to iron another one. So, she just hoped no one would notice.
5.	Greg hated to iron. So, he just washed everything in hot water and hoped for the best. Sometimes, his clothes were pretty wrinkled.
6	Bill worked as an office assistant. He did not work directly with any customers, so he did not worry about how he looked. Usually, he wore whatever jeans and T-shirt were on top of his dresser.
7	Raj worked in a drugstore. He delivered prescriptions and medicine to customers' homes. Since his boss rarely saw him, Raj felt free to wear his oldest, most comfortable clothes.





### UNIT 3 • ACTIVITY 33

### Interviewing People Who Work

Interview three people who work in a career that interests you. Write what kind of clothes they wear on the job. Tell what kinds of clothing they avoid.

Person 1
Tob:
Гуреs of clothing worn:
Гуреs of clothing avoided:
Person 2
lob:
Гуреs of clothing worn:
Гуреs of clothing avoided:
Person 3
Tob:
Гуреs of clothing worn:
Гуреs of clothing avoided:



# UNIT 3 • ACTIVITY 34 Learning Your Job

Sam had to learn safety rules at work, so he made a plan. Tell why each part of Sam's plan would be a good way to learn new information.

Sam had been hired as a carpenter's assistant. Before he could begin work, the company required that he pass a safety test. Sam's boss gave him some information to study. The packet was twenty pages long. Sam was worried that he would not be able to pass the test. He did not want to lose his job.

1.	Sam made a list of the words he did not know. He looked up the meaning of each word in a dictionary and wrote it down in his own words.
2.	Sam made flashcards with some of the rules he was having trouble remembering. Then he
	reviewed the cards each time he had a few minutes of free time.
3.	Sam asked a friend to quiz him on the rules.
4.	There were a few rules that did not make sense to Sam. He asked his boss to explain those to him at a convenient time.
5.	Sam got a good night's sleep the night before the test. Then he got up in time to eat breakfast the morning of the test.



# UNIT 3 • ACTIVITY 35 The Employee Handbook

Scan this index from an employee handbook. Write the number of the page that has the answer to each question below.

campus police, 5	holidays, 12	overtime, 25
conduct, 5	hours of work, 13	parking, 26
death in family, 6	ID badges, 14	pay and raises, 26
educational leave, 7	inclement weather policy, 15	personal leave, 7
exit interview, 27	lost and found, 17	resignation, 27
family leave, 7	lunch break, 13	sick leave, 8
firearms policy, 9	medical leave, 8	smoking policy, 9
harassment policy, 11	military leave, 8	voting, 22

On which page would you find

	<b>1.</b> what to do in case of bad weather?
	<b>2.</b> what to do if you are sick?
	<b>3.</b> where to park?
	<b>4.</b> whether you can take college classes during work hours?
	<b>5.</b> whether you can take leave if your uncle dies?
	<b>6.</b> where to report a theft?
	7. how long you can take for lunch?
	<b>8.</b> what would happen if you bring a gun to work?
	<b>9.</b> whether you get Veteran's Day off?
·	<b>10.</b> whether it is all right to smoke on the job?
:	11. whether you can take time off work to vote?
	<b>12.</b> whether you get paid extra for overtime?





# School-to-Career

**Test Pack** 



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# School-to-Career

**Test Pack** 

- **6.** What should you do when you see a job you want in the classified ads?
  - **a.** Read the ad carefully, and then apply right away.
  - **b.** Wait for a couple of days before applying.
  - **c.** Call the number of the company to ask about the salary.
  - **d.** none of the above
- **7.** What is a résumé?
  - **a.** a place to call when looking for a job
  - **b.** a list of available jobs
  - c. a sheet of paper listing your experience and education
  - **d.** book of advice about finding a job
- **8.** What is a state employment agency?
  - a. a group of people who travel around the state and look for jobs
  - **b.** an agency that employers pay to help them find employees to fill open positions
  - **c.** an agency funded by the government that can help you find work
  - **d.** a state agency that charges you to come in and look through their job databases
- **9.** What is the difference between a state employment agency and a private employment agency?
  - **a.** A state employment agency helps you find a job, and a private employment agency does not.
  - **b.** If a private employment agency finds you a job, you must pay them.
  - **c.** You meet with a job counselor at a private employment agency, and at a state employment agency, you do not.
  - **d.** all of the above
- **10.** What is another name for the personnel office?
  - **a.** the employment agency
  - **b.** the production department
  - c. the public relations department
  - **d.** the human resources office

#### **UNIT 3 TEST • DOING YOUR BEST WORK**

Circle the letter of the correct answer to each of the following questions.

- 1. At what time should you arrive on your first day of work?
  - a. exactly on time
  - **b.** 5 to 10 minutes or so before expected
  - **c.** an hour early
  - **d.** none of the above
- 2. What should you do when you are introduced to your boss?
  - **a.** Smile and shake hands.
  - **b.** Ask what time you will get a break for lunch.
  - **c.** Ask, "So, how do I get your job?"
  - **d.** Ask as many questions as you can think of right away so he or she knows you want to learn.
- 3. What are some unwritten rules you might learn about in the workplace?
  - **a.** what type of clothing is appropriate
  - **b.** the tone of the workplace
  - c. cleanliness of workstations
  - **d.** all of the above
- 4. Why would your employer want you to be properly groomed and dressed?
  - **a.** Workers who are neat and attractive make the company look good.
  - b. Your employer wouldn't want you to have an odor.
  - c. Dressing right for work shows you think your job is important.
  - **d.** all of the above
- **5.** Which of the following should you NOT wear to work?
  - a. clothing that is neither too loose nor too tight
  - **b.** clothing that is a fad
  - c. clothing that is neatly pressed
  - **d.** clothing that is comfortable for you to work in

- **6.** What should you do when you scan the employee handbook?
  - **a.** Only pay attention to the information relating to break times.
  - **b.** Read every word.
  - **c.** Look for the main idea of each section of the handbook.
  - **d.** Ask someone who has been working there for a while to summarize it for you.
- 7. What is explained in an employee handbook?
  - a. what to do when you're sick
  - **b.** your work hours
  - c. what to do when you need to take time off for a doctor's appointment
  - **d.** all of the above
- **8.** What could happen if you don't follow the rules stated in the employee handbook?
  - **a.** You could be reprimanded.
  - **b.** You could be fired.
  - **c.** either *a* or *b*
  - **d.** neither *a* nor *b*
- **9.** What is on-the-job training?
  - **a.** being trained to do your job before you start working
  - b. being trained to do your job while you are at work
  - c. staying late and being trained after work
  - **d.** none of the above
- **10.** What are some ways that you can continue to learn on the job?
  - a. Ask your boss if you can learn a new skill.
  - **b.** Take workshops and training courses.
  - **c.** Take classes at a local community college.
  - **d.** all of the above

11. Why is willingness to learn sometimes more valuable than specific skills?

- **a.** It shows that the employee did well in school.
- **b.** The employee will not have skills to use at another company.
- c. The employee can be trained in the way the company wants the job done.
- **d.** It shows that the employee is smarter than the other employees.
- 12. Which of the following is NOT something that bosses like?
  - a. following directions
  - **b.** being late to work
  - **c.** being orderly
  - **d.** all of the above
- **13.** How can you be sure to be on time for work?
  - a. Get an alarm clock with battery backup.
  - **b.** Pick out your clothes the night before work.
  - **c.** Know how long it takes you to get to work.
  - **d.** all of the above
- **14.** Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a reliable worker?
  - **a.** Others can count on you to get your job done.
  - **b.** You get to work on time.
  - **c.** You call in sick a lot.
  - **d.** all of the above
- 15. What does having a neat and orderly workplace say about you?
  - **a.** that you take pride in your work
  - **b.** that you spent a lot of time cleaning
  - **c.** that you lose a lot of your important papers
  - **d.** all of the above

- **16.** What is the best way to follow directions?
  - **a.** Pay full attention to the person giving the directions.
  - **b.** Take notes as you are listening to the directions.
  - **c.** Ask questions if you don't understand what you're supposed to do.
  - **d.** all of the above
- 17. What can you do to manage your time well?
  - **a.** Perform tasks even if you don't understand the directions you were given.
  - **b.** Set up a schedule for your day.
  - **c.** Take a break from your work to make personal phone calls.
  - **d.** all of the above
- **18.** What should you do if your boss tells you that you made a mistake?
  - **a.** Explain why your way is better.
  - **b.** Apologize, and say you will do better next time.
  - **c.** Ask your boss to do the job while you watch.
  - **d.** Explain why you did the job that way.
- **19.** Which of the following is an example of not being honest at work?
  - a. making a mistake on paperwork
  - **b.** calling in sick when you have a fever
  - c. using break time to make a phone call
  - **d.** taking a long lunch hour
- 20. What should be the goal of each employee in a company?
  - **a.** to help the company reach its goal
  - **b.** to use as much of the company's resources as possible
  - **c.** to distract others so that they can't get their work done
  - **d.** all of the above

#### **SCHOOL-TO-CAREER • POSTTEST**

Circle the letter of the correct answer to each of the following questions.

- **1.** What is the difference between a job and a career?
  - **a.** A job is work done to earn a living, and a career is work done part-time.
  - **b.** A job is any work done without pay, and a career is done for pay.
  - **c.** A job is any work done for pay, and a career is work done to earn a living.
  - **d.** A job is work done to for pay, and a career is work done without pay.
- **2.** Which of the following people would need strong manual skills?
  - a. a scientist
  - **b.** a carpenter
  - **c.** a teacher
  - **d.** all of the above
- 3. Which of the following describes a tactful person?
  - a. a person who has a lot of energy
  - b. a person who can speak or act without offending others
  - c. a person who is clean and organized
  - **d.** a person who is pleasant, happy, and in good spirits
- 4. A person who values intellectual stimulation should do which of the following?
  - **a.** find a job in which he or she can solve and investigate problems
  - **b.** find a job in which he or she can find the answers to questions
  - **c.** find a job in which he or she is challenged
  - **d.** all of the above
- **5.** What is the *Occupational Outlook Handbook?* 
  - a. a handbook that tells you what kind of jobs you would be good at
  - **b.** a list of thousands of different jobs, which gives you information about each job
  - **c.** a book that tells you which companies are most popular in the country
  - **d.** both a and b

**6.** Where are the help wanted ads always located in a newspaper?

- **a.** at the front of the newspaper
- **b.** in the classified ads
- **c.** near the obituaries
- **d.** in the business section
- 7. Why should you check the on-line listings of job at the state employment agency often?
  - **a.** The list is updated frequently.
  - **b.** You might meet someone who works in the field you are interested in.
  - **c.** You will see jobs listed before anyone else does.
  - **d.** It is only fair, since the job counselor took the time to interview you.
- **8.** Why does a private employment agency ask you to pay a fee?
  - a. This is how they get paid.
  - **b.** They have to pay the government.
  - **c.** They have to pay the employer who hires you.
  - **d.** all of the above
- **9.** Which of the following statements about a résumé is NOT true?
  - **a.** It should be easy to read.
  - **b.** It should be neatly typed.
  - **c.** It should be more than one page.
  - **d.** It should list skills and activities related to the job you want.
- 10. How many paragraphs should a cover letter have?
  - **a.** two
  - **b.** three
  - c. four
  - **d.** five